

masters and delegates representing the workmen, with the object of endeavoring to secure a settlement of the differences between them.

The Marquis de Mores has been liberated. Forty men, who were arrested for disorderly conduct during the labor demonstration, have been sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from one week to three months.

DUBLIN, May 3rd.

The striking employees of the Great Southern and Western Railway resumed work to-day on the company's terms by the advice of Archbishop Walsh.

BERLIN, May 3rd.

The *Hamburger Nachrichten* gives a new and startling phase to the secret history of Bismarck's retirement by stating as a positive fact that the Emperor's mind was prejudiced by enemies, who influenced him to believe that the Prince took such large doses of morphine that he often lost the power of connected thought. The Emperor summoned Dr. Schweigger, regarding Bismarck's condition. Bismarck resented the inquiries put to his doctor, although the answers received by the Emperor convinced him that the reports were groundless. At the same time interested persons busied themselves with creating in the Chancellor's mind the impression that the Emperor was resolved to get rid of him at any price. The manipulators in the meantime kept assuring the Emperor that Bismarck had finally resolved to resign.

The article indicates a desire on the part of Bismarck to renew close relations with the Emperor.

The first prominent result of the May-day agitation has been a formidable movement among the manufacturers, merchants, mine-owners and others employing large numbers of hands to promote the formation of a German union against strikes. The idea had its origin in communications that passed between the merchants and manufacturers' associations here, and kindred organizations in other places, regarding the May-day demonstrations, at the time when the celebration threatened to paralyze trade. If this plan is carried a league will be formed covering Germany with a network of employers' associations, the declared aim of the scheme is united co-operation against strikes, but there will be easy and inevitable transition to co-operation against the workers' claims in general.

Speakers at Chemnitz, reflecting the opinion of the majority of employers, hailed the May-day fiasco as a victory of the master over the men. Most of the newspapers similarly draw the conclusion that employers, if working in union, can defeat the utmost efforts of the malcontent workmen.

The *Freisinnige Zeitung* says: "After the Socialist leaders had by their ambiguous manifesto, betrayed their desire for an extensive abstention from work as possible, the limitation of the movement to isolated groups demonstrates how weak is the influence of the Socialist Deputies in everything beyond registering a secret vote at elections."

But both the employers and those who comment on the matter, overlook the fact that the Socialist leaders, with the nearly unanimous approval of the workmen, opposed any form of demonstration that might lead to collision with the authorities or employers. An article in today's *Volksblatt* extols the day as the grandest and most complete social holiday, establishing an international social holiday. The writer adds: "Although many German workmen were compelled to work, this did not detract from the success of the festival."

VIENNA, May 4th.

A simultaneous strike has occurred in the State railway factories in Vienna, Prague, Pesth and Temesvar. Director Reschitzky of the Vienna factory threatens to dismiss all hands who do not return to work to-morrow.

BERLIN, May 4th.

The number of employees dismissed for taking part in the May-day demonstrations, proved larger than was supposed would be the case, and such action by the employers has been the cause of several minor strikes.

PESTH, May 4th.

Fifteen hundred bakers have struck work and camped on an island in the Danube with tents, cattle and provisions. They have been joined by 700 girls employed in the jute works. Five hundred military bakers have been sent to Pesth from all parts of the kingdom.

At Szaszabanya, Hungary, during the recent disturbances in which a number of miners were actively participating, a gendarme, while attempting to quell the disorder, shot and killed the miners. The party, resenting the murder of the miner on the spot, and he narrowly escaped lynching. As it was, he suffered such a terrible beating that he is now dying.

LONDON, May 4th.

The Irish railway strike is ended. Madrid telegrams say that Premier Sagasta promised to consider the petition presented by the socialist deputation.

Mr. MacAlister of Dumbarton is building for Robert Wylie of the Clyde Yacht Club a twenty-three foot yacht, which will be called the *Volunteer* and which will be fitted with a centre board. She is not especially designed to race in America, but may go there and compete at New York. The *Volunteer* is one of the twenty-three foot yachts to be built by the members of the club on identically the same lines, with the exception that the *Volunteer* will have a centre board.

The *Herald* publishes a long statement by a former prominent official of Emilia province, to the effect, that after the defeat of Lupton by Emin became desirous of surrendering his province to the Mahdi, but that his officers and the natives were faithful to the Khedive, and declined to consent to such action.

African despatches report that a dispute over a boundary line led to a conflict between the Tripolitans and the Tunisians on the frontier. Both sides had several killed and wounded.

ROME, May 4th.

The Pope addressed 300 German pilgrims on the 1st inst. on industrial questions and the refusal of Germany to recognize the old Catholics of Bavaria.

The Pope is bringing all his influence to bear upon the College of Cardinals in favor of Archbishop Nappi as his successor in the Papacy. The Archbishop is liberal in his political opinions, an intimate friend of King Humbert, and a staunch supporter of the policy of reconciliation of the Vatican with the Quirinal.

PARIS, May 4th.

Le Temps says the liquidator of the Panama Canal Company has appointed U. S. Wyse to conduct negotiations looking to the formation of a new company, and that Wyse goes on a mission to the Government of Colombia to obtain an extension of the time of the concession.

Touring is tranquil. The strike continues at Roubaix. There was serious rioting there last night and several persons were wounded. A number of arrests were made. The Mayor of Roubaix has asked for reinforcements. Eight hundred dragoons have been sent. The employers announce that they are willing to agree to the demand for ten hours if the other manufacturers in France consent, but they decline to advance wages.

MADRID, May 4th.

At Barcelona the troops were engaged until early this morning in dispersing strikers. It is feared that sterner measures will be necessary to restore order.

A large socialist meeting was held in this city to-day and was addressed by a number of energetic speakers.

A deputation of socialists and workmen called upon Prime Minister Sagasta to urge the eight-hour scheme. Sagasta refused to consider it. The workmen replied that they would use all legal means to attain this end, and if unsuccessful would resort to force.

BERLIN, May 4th.

The *Vossische Zeitung* says that at the State banquet Emperor William asked one of the guests his opinion of the Socialist bill. The person thus questioned roundly denounced the bill, saying that it was calculated to embitter the workmen and stimulate socialism, and that it ought to be summarily dropped.

To this Emperor William replied: "That is quite my opinion."

MONTREAL, May 4th.

L. Q. David, member of Parliament for Montreal East, whose appointment as High Sheriff of Montreal will be announced next Monday, suggests the separation of the province of Quebec from the rest of the Dominion, and the formation of a new French colony on the banks of the St. Lawrence, or else the annexation of the province of Quebec to the United States.

VALPARAISO, May 4th.

Another expedition will shortly leave for Cocos Island, on which it is believed that treasure is buried. Two or three expeditions have gone from Valparaiso on similar errands, but they have proved fruitless. About \$10,000 has been obtained for the new expedition.

LONDON, May 5th.

A cable from Buenos Ayres states that the British steamer *Richmond* has foundered near the eastern coast of the Argentine Republic.

In the Commons to-night the closure rule was applied to the budget debate, and the bill passed its second reading by a vote of 197 to 111.

The *Herald* says that Portugal accepts, without reservation, the proposition to submit the Delagoa Bay railway question to arbitration.

Lord Chief Justice Coleridge is quite ill. He was unable to appear in Court to-day.

Influenza has again made its appearance in this city. Several severe cases have been reported in the last few days and the disease has almost attained the proportions of an epidemic.

Despatches from Warsaw state there are over fifty cases in the hospital there, all of them being of an aggravated character.

A committee of the House of Lords, which was appointed to inquire into the "sweating" system, which is causing much misery among residents in the eastern part of the city, urges the hands to combine and force employers to pay better wages and grant shorter hours.

The committee also presses the point in its report to Parliament that the necessity for legislative interference is great.

Mr. Bradlaugh, M. P., a sterling friend of the workman, but opposed to the eight-hour law, has accepted the invitation of John Burns, the labor advocate, to discuss the question in public. Bradlaugh considers compulsory legislation on the subject a limitation of man's rights, and impracticable in view of the economic law and the laws of human nature.

BERLIN, May 5th.

A new rumor as to the peace negotiations now existing between France and Germany is now existing. It is said that the French are now endeavoring to establish a union with Austria, Germany and France, the latter allowing free ingress to the products of these countries, and French products in turn being permitted to enter Austria and Germany without restriction.

The *Reichsanzeiger*, announcing the preparation of a bill to increase the field artillery by seventy battalions and the army corps by special troops, says the state of things among the neighbors of Germany does not admit of Germany continuing the present military system, under which the artillery is strengthened at the expense of the infantry. It is, therefore, necessary to fix a new effective strength for the army.

The Emin Relief Committee has received a letter from Dr. Peters in which he says he ascended the Tana river and camped from November 16th to November 26th in the Mamoni mountains. He had frequent engagements with the natives and defeated them. They started for Victoria Nyanza on January 13th.

In a discussion on the colonial question in the Bundersrath to-day Chancellor von Caprivi made a long speech, in which he said he was neither an optimist nor a pessimist in regard to the colonial policy, but could give assurance that its direction would remain wholly unchanged.

PARIS, May 5th.

The Panama Canal Commission report, after expressing regret at the unfavorable prospect, considering the cost of finishing the work, concludes that the best solution of the difficulty would be for the maritime states to guarantee interest on the investment.

General Hallot, chief of the general staff of the French army, has resigned his position, to secure an active command.

Robert Fleury, *doyen* of the French painters, is dead. He was ninety-three years old.

The trial of the Societe des Metaux Directors began to-day. All are charged with paying fictitious dividends. M. Germain is further accused of illegal forestalling of merchandise. He protested against the charges and said he had not wished to speculate, but to achieve a work of patriotism.

"We desired," he said, "to create in France a market not previously in existence in order to be no longer at the mercy of speculators in the English market."

ROME, May 5th.

The Senate to-day in debate on the charities bill rejected the clause providing for charitable expenses. Premier Crispien declared that he would resign in order to decide the question of the dissolution of the Cabinet or its reconstruction under Signor Saraceno. His announcement caused great excitement.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 5th.

Captain Schmidt of the Russian navy has been taken to the Schlusselberg prison, near Lake Ladoga, and it is doubtful whether he will ever be seen again alive.

The crime for which he has been removed to this living tomb was that he was discovered preparing a plan of the fortress at Cronstadt for the German Government.

The military and police authorities are much exercised over the discovery and are doing the utmost to hush the matter up. The traitorous captain is now undergoing all the horrors of the torture chamber.

The latest news concerning the discovery is that the military attaché of the German Legation is implicated, and the fact that Germany is the intended purchaser of the key to Russia has made the feeling against the administration very bitter and very strong.

Cronstadt is a fortress to which no stranger is admitted, no matter how distinguished he may be, nor can a Russian, unless he is one of the garrison, specially told off for the fortress, enter the gates and retain his freedom. His plan changed every year, and the utmost secrecy is observed in regard to the details of its garrison and arrangements.

Without Cronstadt the magnificent city of St. Petersburg could in one hour be laid in ruins by any first-class warship that floats. Cronstadt is the key to Russia, and that it has been in danger, and may be yet, thrills the administration with horror and fear. The plan will be changed at once.

MAY 6th.

Captain Schmidt of the Russian navy, who was charged with preparing plans of the Cron-

stadt fortress for the German Government, has been liberated in the absence of sufficient evidence to convict him. He has been dismissed from the service.

LISBON, May 6th.

Ribeiro, Minister of Foreign Affairs, announced in the Chamber to-day that he had hopes of an early and honorable settlement of the dispute between Portugal and England.

ELIZABETH, N. J., May 6th.

The Singer sewing-machine factory was discovered to be on fire late to-night. The entire fire department responded, but their work so far has had little effect, and at midnight it is feared that the main building will be destroyed. The works employ 3700 persons.

2 A. M.—The main building is nearly destroyed and the fire is spreading rapidly. It is likely that the entire factory will go, in which case the loss will amount to several millions of dollars. Great excitement prevails in the city and thousands of people are viewing the fire.

3 A. M.—The fire is under control. The loss is now estimated at \$3,000,000.

BERLIN, May 6th.

The Reichstag was to-day opened by Emperor William in person.

In his opening address the Emperor declared that his efforts to maintain the peace of Europe would increase. He expressed the conviction that he would succeed in confirming the confidence of the powers in Germany's pacific policy. Germany, the Emperor said, recognizes it as her duty to protect peace by cultivating alliances for the purposes of defense and by perfecting armaments, for which purpose the new military credit will be asked.

The Emperor announced that measures will be presented for improving the condition of the workmen.

In continuing his speech the Emperor said: "In the course of the year suggest an examination of the question whether the existing laws adequately take into account the justifiable wishes of workmen. The questions claiming the foremost attention are those of Sunday rest and women's and children's labour. The federal governments are convinced that the proposals of the last Reichstag might in essential points become law without being a detriment to other interests. The legal provisions for the protection of workmen against the dangers threatening their lives, health and morals are susceptible of amendment, as were also the laws relative to the issue of labor regulations. The rules concerning workmen's books also require to be supplemented, with the object of assuring parental authority, in view of the increasing insubordination among youthful workmen. A bill on this subject will be laid before the Reichstag. Another bill will be submitted for the better regulation and organization of Industrial Courts of Arbitration."

The Emperor continued: "I trust you will be willing to co-operate to bring about an agreement between the legislative bodies upon the proposed reforms, and thus take a significant forward step in the peaceful development of the conditions of labor."

"A just solicitude for workmen constitutes the most efficient means by which to strengthen the resources with which I and my exalted allies are resolved to oppose, with unbending determination, any attempt to disturb the legal order of things. In effecting these reforms only such measures will come up for consideration as can be carried out without endangering the industry of the Fatherland."

"Our industry only forms a link in the economic web of nations competing in the world's markets. I have therefore made a point of going abroad to study the European States whose economic position has the same character, for exchange of views."

"Regarding the joint recognition of Legislation required to protect workmen, I most gratefully acknowledge the favorable reception of my suggestions by all the States concerned."

"The resolutions adopted by the recent Labor conference at Berlin expressed common views on the most important field of work and culture of our times. I do not doubt that the principle laid down in these resolutions will form the seed under God's help from which will spring up happiness. The workmen will be blessed by the fruits which will be the harmonious relations between the people."

Referring to the foreign relations of Germany, his Majesty declared that his efforts would be unceasingly directed toward the maintenance of peace, and said "I am able to express the conviction that my endeavors to strengthen the confidence of all foreign governments in the security afforded by our policy have been successful."

"The nation recognizes the duty of protecting peace by cultivating alliances concluded for the purposes of defense."

Since the bases of our military constitution were settled the military organizations of our neighbors have extended to an unforeseen degree. What has been done by us has been thus rendered inadequate. In order to prevent displacing the whole situation to our disadvantage it is necessary to increase the means whereby we effect peace and strengthen our different arms, especially field artillery. A bill will be submitted enacting that the increase of the army shall come into force on the 1st of October."

Touching colonial affairs the Emperor said that the action taken in East Africa for the suppression of the slave trade and the protection of Germany's interests had progressed during the last few months. It was to be hoped, he said, that tranquility would soon prevail in those regions.

The reading of the Emperor's speech was frequently interrupted by cheers.

After the delivery of the speech Chancellor von Caprivi declared the Reichstag open. The members of the *Freisinnige* party laid a motion on this table demanding that a bill be passed reducing the corn duty to three marks per double quintal, abolishing the beet root tax and export bounties, and withdrawing from the distilleries the exclusive privilege relating to the spirit tax, and finally demanding a general revision of the tariff with a view to the abolition of the corn and cattle duties and the reduction of the duties on other articles of general consumption, especially farm products.

The socialists will introduce a bill for the immediate repeal of the corn duties.

The new military bill fixes the peace effective force at 486,783 troops, exclusive of one-year volunteers. After October 1st the army will consist of 58 battalions of infantry, 465 squadrons of cavalry, 434 field batteries, 31 batteries of foot battalions of pioneers and 21 train battalions.

The non-recurring expenditures entailed by the new measures amount to \$1,500,000 marks. The increase in the permanent yearly expenditures is \$18,000,000 marks.

The *Tagblatt*, commenting on Emperor William's speech, says: "It is significant that it shows no intention to maintain the Socialist law. His views on the duties of the Government must be approved everywhere. The scope of the measures to protect the workmen is limited by the avowed that Germany's industrial activity will not be affected; therefore the workmen's interests will not be affected. The Radicals, animated by patriotic zeal, will doubtless be willing to grant all that is required to strengthen the country's defensive forces."

ZANZIBAR, May 7th.

The expedition under Wissmann, which recently left for Kilwa, to attack that place, has

been successful. The place was occupied on May 4th. Wissmann's force meeting no opposition. Previous to its occupation the town was bombarded by German gunboats, and the natives were paralyzed with fear. The British soldiers who were held in the town by the natives, were not injured.

COLOGNE, May 7th.

The *Gazette* has a report from Wissmann's expedition saying that the movement on Kilwa was successful. On the march the expedition had a number of engagements with the Arabs and repeatedly defeated them.

BERLIN, May 7th.

During a debate on the budget in the Prussian Diet to-day, Baron von Pfeffel paid a warm tribute to Bismarck, and declared that to his policy Germany owed her favorable financial position. Next to the Emperor Germany owed her position in the world to Bismarck. He proposed that a statue of Bismarck be erected in the Chamber as a model of patriotism, loyalty and industry, and concluded with an assurance of his devotion to the Emperor.

The Reichstag to-day unanimously re-elected Herr von Lottow President. In his opening speech he lauded Bismarck's imperishable services.

PARIS, May 7th.

M. Catinac has just died at St. Germain of paralysis. He was an intimate friend and secret agent of both the late and the present Czar of Russia; and was largely instrumental in arranging the final friendly relations between that country and France. Both he and his beautiful wife were well known in America.

The official decree appointing General de Mithelbach to the general staff of the army extends the power of the position. He will be commander-in-chief in the event of war, and will have at all times full control in his position with Freycinet, thus making a sort of dual War Ministry.

In the Societe des Metaux trial to-day the public prosecutor sought to show that Secretan tried to forestall the copper supply in order to control prices, and had gained control of nine-tenths of the production. This, the prosecutor said, decisively proved that speculation caused the disaster.

Monchicotte, the Panama Canal liquidator, says that he believes it possible to find financiers and engineers who can inspire enough confidence in the public to bring about the realization of the canal commission's scheme.

The French Government has been notified by the Egyptian Foreign Secretary that Egypt assents to the French conditions for the conversion of the Egyptian loan. It is hoped that the powers will concur.

M. Catinac, formerly Minister for Russia at Washington, who made himself an obnoxious to the American Government that he had to be recalled, has died of paralysis at St. Germain.

The members of the Chamber of Deputies for Roubaix has issued a manifesto which recommends the strikers there to resume work.

DUBLIN, May 7th.

The *Irish Times* says that rich gold mines have been discovered at Dundee, in the western part of the county of Cork.

ROME, May 7th.

Premier Crispien, in a confidential note to King Humbert on the May day demonstrations, states that sixty foreign agitators were expelled from Italy, 600 Italians distributing revolutionary pamphlets were arrested, 800 suspects were punished or warned, and 300 soldiers possessing manifestoes were punished.

MUTINY ON BOARD H.M.S. "EGERIA."

H.M.S. *Egeria*, which left Sydney in March on a surveying cruise, returned on April 23rd to port under orders from the Admiral. There had been a disturbance on board, amounting to a mutiny, on the part of the crew, and 23 of the men were under arrest, the ringleaders being in irons. A court martial was to be held within the next few days, but it was stated that only in the worst cases of refusing duty would the charges be pressed. The whole of the crew were taking sides with the men who refused duty, and absolutely declared they would not obey the commands of one of the officers of the ship.

It would appear that as Auckland was to be the last port of call before setting out upon an uninterrupted and lengthened term of hard work in the tropics, the crew were given extra leave for enjoyment. While there, it may be remembered, a disturbance took place ashore—such an uproar indeed in one hotel as the Auckland people are unaccustomed to witness, and long accounts appeared in the daily papers respecting it. It was, however, after all, but an outbreak of blue-jacket enthusiasm, louder somewhat than usual but still not remarkable with "jack ashore" finding out his leave. After the men had been safely put on board their ship, however, all shore nonsense was expected to be left behind, but the account given of the men's conduct hardly warrants a belief that it was so. Matters are said to have reached a climax on Good Friday, a day which is regarded in the Service as a close holiday. It is asserted that the men were asked to "turn to," and they point-blank refused. There was, as may readily be believed under the existing and necessarily stringent discipline of a man-of-war, a considerable scene. The boatswain piped the various watches to duty, but few were on response, and the men continued down below, playing cards and singing, keeping up Good Friday in their orthodox fashion, quite heedless of the officers' orders. From all that can be gathered 23 of them were made prisoners, the ringleaders being kept in irons. A report of the outbreak was, of course, at once sent to the Commander-in-Chief, Rear-Admiral Lord Charles Scott, C.B., who then ordered the ship to Sydney. She left Auckland on April 7th and brought up the same day at Waiverua; made another start in the teeth of bad weather, but again anchored at Mahurangi on the 9th. For five days the weather continued so wild that it was impossible to face it with any chance of making progress, hence it was the 14th before the ship put out from Mahurangi for Sydney, or rather for Jervis Bay, as that was the order. Moderate weather was experienced across, and Jervis Bay was reached on the 24th. Fresh orders arriving, the *Egeria* came on thence to Sydney. It was expected that the court-martial would be held on board H.M.S. *Opal*, but nothing positive as to this is known. The *Egeria* anchored at the entrance to Woolloomooloo Bay, and all communication with her was forbidden. No stranger was permitted on board, and all boats were warned off immediately they got within speaking distance of the ship.

HONGKONG TEMPERATURE.

(From Messrs. Geo. Talbot & Co.'s Register.)

To-day.

Barometer—6 A.M. 30.00 1 P.M. 29.95 4 P.M. 29.90 10 P.M. 29.85

Thermometer—6 A.M. 75.00 1 P.M. 85.00 4 P.M. 80.00 10 P.M. 75.00

Thermometer—6 A.M. (Wet bulb) 70.00 1 P.M. (Wet bulb) 75.00 4 P.M. (Wet bulb) 70.00 10 P.M. (Wet bulb) 65.00

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Intimations

HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

(LATE THE HALL & HOLTZ CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY, LIMITED.)

HAVE JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER LARGE STOCK OF

NEW HATS:—

BOY'S SAILOR HATS latest styles.
GIRL'S SAILOR HATS do.
INFANT'S WASHING HATS.
LADIES' STRAW HATS and BONNETS made up in any style on the shortest notice.

— PARIS MILLINERY IN GREAT VARIETY. —

Also

A large assortment of LADIES' BATHING DRESSES, BATHING CAPS, BATH GOWNS, etc., etc.

HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.
(Late THE HALL & HOLTZ C. Co., Ltd.)
Hongkong, 31st May, 1890. [35]

To-day's Advertisements.

BRITISH MERCANTILE MARINE OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION.

ALL British Master Mariners and Officers are cordially invited to attend a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of this Association to be held at the VICTORIA HOTEL at 8.30 O'CLOCK, THIS EVENING, the 2nd inst. [833]

ZETLAND LODGE,
No. 525.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above named Lodge will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zetland Street, THIS EVENING, the 2nd inst. at 8.30 for 9 O'CLOCK precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited. [835]

THE SCOTTISH ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR BANGKOK (DIRECT).
The Company's Steamship

"PHRA CHULA CHOM KLAO,"
Captain A. Benson, will be despatched for the above Port, on FRIDAY, the 6th inst., at DAY-LIGHT.

For Freight or Passage apply to
YUEN FAT HONG, Agents. [841]

STEAM FOR
SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, ISMAILIA, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, BRINDISI, TRIESTE, VENICE, PLYMOUTH, AND LONDON.

BOMBAY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND AUSTRALIA.

N.B.—CARGO CAN BE TAKEN ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF PORTS, MARSEILLES, TRIESTE, HAMBURG, NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

SPECIE ONLY LANDED AT PLYMOUTH.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship "ROSETTA," Captain G. W. Brady, with Her Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this for LONDON via BOMBAY & SUEZ CANAL, on THURSDAY, the 12th inst., at NOON.

Cargo will be received on board until 4 P.M., and the day before sailing.

Silk and Valuable for Europe will be transhipped at Colombo. General Cargo for London will be conveyed via Bombay without transhipment, arriving one week later than by the ordinary direct route via Colombo.

Tea will be sent either via Bombay or Colombo according to arrangement.

For further particulars regarding FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to the PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Office, Hongkong.

The Contents and Value of Packages are required to be declared prior to shipment. Shippers are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of the Company's Black Bills of Lading.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

THE power given to Mr. A. LIEBARD to sign for my firm during my absence in Europe is withdrawn from this date; the business will henceforth be conducted by myself.
A. R. MARTY.
Hongkong, 31st May, 1890. [832]

NOTICE.

THE Business hitherto carried on here and in Canton under the style of B. M. RUTONIEE & Co. has this day been dissolved by Mutual Consent between the Partners. All Persons having Claims against the said Firm are requested to send particulars of same on or before the 15th of June; and all Persons indebted to the Firm are requested to make payment on or before the above date.
B. M. RUTONIEE & Co.
Hongkong, 31st May, 1890. [836]

NOTICE.

WITH Reference to the above, the Business in Shanghai, Canton, will hereafter be carried on under the style of BOMANJEE & Co.
BOMANJEE & Co.
Canton, 31st May, 1890. [837]

NOTICE.

CRUICKSHANK & Co., LIMITED.
MR. JAMES STEPHEN has been appointed GENERAL MANAGER of the above named Company from the 1st of June next. Until that date he will conduct the business as Acting Manager.
Wm. CRUICKSHANK,
General Manager.
Hongkong, 22nd May, 1890. [794]

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.
MR. DE WESTLEY LAYTON has been appointed SECRETARY of the Company's Branch Office in Hongkong.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
Wm. H. FORBES,
Chairman of Hongkong Committee.
Hongkong, 3rd May, 1890. [711]

Insurances.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE
1.—HALF A MILLION STEERING per annum is being paid in Death claims year by year.
2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to upwards of Six Million and Three-quarter pounds Sterling and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.
3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of fresh carefully selected lives.
ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,
Agents, Hongkong.
810-3]

ATLAS ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
THE Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.
EDUARD SCHELLHASS & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1890. [599]

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF 1877 IN HAMBURG.
THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.
REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1889. [56]

GENERAL LIFE AND FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY IN LONDON.
THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE and LIFE at Current Rates.
REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1889. [57]

GENERAL NOTICE.
THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED).
CAPITAL TAELS 600,000. } \$833,333-33
Equal to }
RESERVE FUND } \$318,000-00.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Lau SING, Esq. | Lo YUEN MOON, Esq.
LOU TSO SHUN, Esq.
MANAGER.—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS ON GOODS, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES at all parts of the world.
HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.
Hongkong, 17th December, 1889. [1091]

NOTICE.
THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.
The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES ON GOODS, &c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world payable at any of its Agencies.
WOO LIN YUEN
Secretary.
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.
Hongkong, 17th February, 1889. [1217]

CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS, (ROSKINER).
AN ANTISEPTIC PAINT for the Preservation of Wood, Walls, Ropes and Ship's Tackle. May be applied to Beams, Floors, Wall-panels, Wooden Sheds, Farm's and Garden's Implements, Carts, Posts, Fences, Stables, Gates, Bridges, Boats, and all Timber underground. Effectually excludes all dampness from walls painted with it; and entirely prevents the crumbling away and decay of both stone and bricks. While ants do not touch wood painted with Carbolineum Avenarius.
Used during the last 14 years with the utmost success, as proved by numerous Testimonials of living authorities.
Sold in casks of about 450 lbs. net. Price 8 cents per lb.
For further particulars, apply to
SCHELLHASS & Co.,
10, Stanley Street.
Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [56]

Intimations.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

INFORMATION has been received from the Military Authorities that ARTILLERY PRACTICE will take place from South Shore Battery, Stone Cutters' Island, from the 2nd to 16th June, between the hours of 6.30 A.M. and 10 A.M. daily (Sundays excepted). The line of fire will be in a South Westerly direction from the Battery.
All Ships, Junks, and other Vessels are cautioned to keep clear of the range.
By Command,
W. M. DEANE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Hongkong, 29th May, 1890. [822]

NOTICE.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for a Gentleman, with a private family occupying a detached, airy house on the Caine Road. Apply in the first instance to
"M."
c/o Hongkong Telegraph Office.
Hongkong, 30th May, 1890. [827]

THE LABUK PLANTING COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
THE First Ordinary General MEETING of the above Company, will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, on THURSDAY, the 5th of June, 1890, at 3.30 P.M., for the presentation of the Report of the General Managers and Account to 30th April, 1890, and the transaction of any other business that can competently be brought before an Ordinary General Meeting. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 25th instant, to the 5th June, both days inclusive.
TURNER & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 27th May, 1890. [811]

THE MACAO BATH-HOUSES.
MR. T. J. COLLACO, in again establishing the Bath-houses at Macao for the summer season, respectfully solicits the patronage of the Foreign Communities of Hongkong and Canton, who, as occasional visitors, desire to enjoy a course of sea-bathing under the best possible circumstances. The accommodation has been made as comfortable and complete as circumstances will allow, and the charges are, as last year, fixed at a most moderate tariff. A Bar will be one of the features of the establishment, where refreshments can be obtained at very low rates.
The Bath-houses will be opened from the 18th inst. until the 30th September.
For each person (for the season)\$1.00
" Married couples 2.00
" Families 3.00
" Single bath, (towels, etc., included) 0.50
THEOBALD J. COLLACO.
Macao, 16th May, 1890. [771]

BRITISH MERCANTILE MARINE OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.
This Association is formed for—
I.—The purpose of counteracting influences that are, and for a very long time have been, acting against the interests of officers of the British Mercantile Marine.
II.—To watch over and guard the interests of its members.
III.—To maintain the proper dignity of the profession.
N.B.—PUBLIC MEETINGS of this Association will be held at 8.30 P.M. every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at No. 2, HIGH STREET—the temporary quarters—until further notice. All Masters and Officers are cordially invited to join.
By direction of the Committee.
Hongkong, 28th May, 1890. [816]

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£40,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Wm. KESWICK (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.) Chairman.
ADOLF VON ANDRE (Messrs. André, Mendel & Co.)
ROBERT IYERSON (Messrs. Iyerson & Co.)
DAVID MCLEAN (Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation)
S. WYLLIES POMEROY (Messrs. Russell & Co.)
F. D. SASSOON (late Messrs. David Sassoon, Sons & Co.)
H. D. STEWART (Messrs. Stewart, Thomson & Co.)
HONGKONG COMMITTEE:
W. H. FORBES (Messrs. Russell & Co.) Chairman.
Hon. J. J. KESWICK (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.)
Hon. C. P. CHATER.
This Company is now prepared to make Loans or advances upon all kinds of Goods and upon approved Securities; and to transact the business provided for in the Memorandum of Association.

THE PUNJOM AND SUNGHIE DUA SAMANTAN MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.
THE Fourth Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office No. 9, Queen's Road Central, on MONDAY, the 16th of June, 1890, at 4 P.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts to the 30th September, 1889.
The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 3rd to 16th June, 1890, both days inclusive.
A. O'D. GOURDIN,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 29th May, 1890. [819]

HONGKONG HIGH LEVEL TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LTD.
SUMMER TIME TABLE.
To table effect from 1st May.
THE CARS RUN between St. John's Place and Victoria Gap as follows:—
WEEK DAYS.
8 to 10 A.M. every quarter of an hour.
10 to 1 P.M. every quarter of an hour.
1 to 2 P.M. every half hour.
4 to 8 P.M. every quarter of an hour.
THURSDAYS.
NIGHT TRAM at 10.30 and 11 P.M.
SUNDAYS.
CHURCH TRAM at 10.40 A.M.
12 (NOON) to 2 P.M. every quarter of an hour.
4 to 8 P.M. every quarter of an hour.
9, 10, 10.30 and 11 P.M.
Special Cars may be obtained on application to the Superintendent.
Single Tickets are sold in the Cars; Five-Cent Coupons and Reduced Tickets at the Office.
MACLEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 30th April, 1890. [689]

W. S. MARTEN,
ARTISTIC DECORATOR,
2, DUDDELL STREET,
HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 9th April, 1890. [574]

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....\$5,000,000.
PAID UP CAPITAL.....2,500,000.
RESERVE FUND.....1,250,000.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Hon. J. J. KESWICK, Chairman.
Hon. C. P. CHATER, Vice-Chairman.
Hon. J. J. KESWICK (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.)
Hon. S. C. MICHAELSEN, Esq.
J. S. MOSES, Esq.
G. E. NOBLE, Esq.
POON PONG, Esq.
D. R. SASSOON, Esq.
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STEAMERS EXPECTED IN HONGKONG.

STEAMERS.	FROM.	DATE DUE.	AGENTS.
Natal	Marseilles	June 4th	Messageries Maritimes.
Lombardy	Calcutta	June 6th	P. & O. S. N. Co.
Arabian	Bombay	June 6th	D. Sassoon, Sons & Co.
Nizam	Bombay	June 9th	P. & O. S. N. Co.

STEAMERS LOADING IN HONGKONG.

DESTINATION.	VESSELS.	AGENTS.	DATE OF LEAVING.
London, &c., via Suez Canal	Rosetta	P. & O. S. N. Co.	June 12th, at noon.
London, via Suez Canal	Chingwo	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	About June 9th.
London, via Suez Canal	Daidanus	Butterfield & Swire	June 9th.
Marseilles, via Saigon, &c.	Glenary	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	About June 7th.
Bremen, via Ports of Call.	Saghalien	Messageries Maritimes.	June 5th, at noon.
Genoa, via Bombay, &c.	Neckar	Melchers & Co.	June 4th, at 4 p.m.
Havre & Hamburg, &c.	Blissong	Carlowitz & Co.	June 7th, at noon.
Manila, B.C., via N., &c.	Oceana	Siemssen & Co.	June 9th, at 10 a.m.
San Francisco, via Yuma	Batavia	Adamson, Bell & Co.	June 12th, at noon.
Port Darwin, &c.	City of Rio de Janeiro	Pacific M. S. Co.	To-morrow, at 1 p.m.
Straits and Bombay	Gaelic	O. & O. S. N. Co.	June 12th, at 1 p.m.
Bangkok	Taiyuan	Butterfield & Swire	June 12th, at 4 p.m.
Bangkok	Teheran	P. & O. S. N. Co.	June 7th, daylight.
Tientsin	Yuen Fat Hong	Yuen Fat Hong	To-morrow, daylight.
Tientsin	Kwangsang	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	About June 7th.
Tientsin	Yiksang	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	About June 3rd.
Shanghai, Kobe, &c.	Sungkiang	Butterfield & Swire	June 4th.
Haiphong	Natal	Messageries Maritimes.	About June 4th.
	Marie	A. R. Marty	To-morrow, daylight.

Intimations.

THE SONGEI KOYAH PLANTING COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
IT is hereby notified that a CALL of FIVE DOLLARS (\$5) per Share is payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on or before the 7th day of June next.
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 31st May, 1890. [838]

WANTED.
TWO full-sized ENGLISH BILLIARD TABLES complete, with Balls, Cues, etc.,
Also
One AMERICAN TABLE, complete.
Apply to
W. S. MARTEN,
2, Duddell Street.
Hongkong, 31st May, 1890. [834]

WANTED TO PURCHASE.
ONE second-hand ENGLISH BILLIARD TABLE and ONE FRENCH CAROM TABLE, with Balls, Cues, etc., etc.
Send Particulars to
G. D. S.,
c/o Hongkong Telegraph Office.
Hongkong, 31st May, 1890. [835]

Dr. Knorr's
ANTIPYRINE.
(Dose for Adults 15 to 25 grains troy)
IS the most approved and most efficacious remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, TYPHUS, ERYSIPELAS, HOOPING-COUGH, and many other complaints. It is also the very best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the medical Faculty. To be had at every reputed Chemist and Druggist. Ask for Dr. KNORR'S ANTIPYRINE! Each Tin bears the inventor's signature "Dr. KNORR" in red letters.
Supplies constantly on hand at the China Export, Import, and Bank Co.—Sole Agents for China. Beware of spurious imitations!
Hongkong 20th May, 1890. [244]

NOTICE.
JEY'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS COMPANY, LIMITED.
JEY'S WOOD PRESERVER OR ANTISEPTIC PAINT.
THE Undersigned have this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and are prepared to supply quantities to suit purchasers at Wholesale Prices. Extra Special terms for Shipping and large Orders.
SIR ROBERT RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board London.

TO BE LET.
HOUSE No. 6, Queen's Gardens. From 1st July.
Apply to
G. C. ANDERSON,
13, Praya Central.
Hongkong, 30th May, 1890. [826]

TO BE LET FURNISHED.
Within five minutes of the Launch.
A DETACHED VILLA RESIDENCE containing a Drawing-room, Dining-room, Two Bed-rooms, Two Bath-rooms, Spacious Hall and Good Kitchen and Boys' Quarters. Furnished in excellent taste, best European Furniture. Good Flower and Kitchen Garden, Tennis Ground. For 9 months from 1st July. For further particulars, apply to
W. S. MARTEN,
2, Duddell Street.
Hongkong, 27th May, 1890. [810]

TO LET.
HOUSE No. 9, Upper Mosque Terrace. Possession 1st June. Gas and Water laid on.
Apply to
E. MCLEOD,
Hongkong Hotel.
Hongkong, 15th May, 1890. [728]

TO LET.
NOS. 25, 27, 31 and 35, ELGIN ROAD, behind the Old Union Church.
Apply to
ACHEE & Co.,
17, Queen's Road Central.
Hongkong, 6th May, 1890. [554]

TO LET.
HOUSES Nos. 71 and 77, Wyndham Street, each have 6 spacious Rooms.
Apply to
THE HEAD SHROFF of the Chartered Bank of India, &c.
Hongkong, 5th May, 1890. [716]

TO BE LET.
FIRST FLOOR of No. 1, Blue Buildings. From 1st June.
Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.
Victoria Buildings,
Hongkong, 29th April, 1890. [691]

TO LET.
ROOMS in "COLLEGE CHAMBERS."
9, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
"STONEHENGE," Robinson Road, from 1st May.
Apply to
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, 16th April, 1890. [712]

TO LET.
NO. 14, BELLIOS TERRACE, from 1st June, 1890.
Apply to
EZEKIEL & JOSEPH,
30, Queen's Road.
Hongkong, 17th May, 1890. [776]

TO LET.
NO. 3, MORRISON HILL. Entry, 1st June.
Apply to
G. C. ANDERSON,
13, Praya Central.
Hongkong, 22nd April, 1890. [688]

TO LET.
A HOUSE in WEST TERRACE. Immediate Entry.
Apply to
G. C. ANDERSON,
13, Praya Central.
Hongkong, 3rd May, 1890. [511]

TO LET.
ONE LARGE ROOM on the Ground Floor of 13, Praya Central. Suitable for an Office.
Apply to
G. C. ANDERSON,
13, Praya Central.
Hongkong, 28th March, 1890. [497]

TO LET.
THE HOUSE No. 1, Magdalen Terrace. Magazine Gap, lately in occupation of Mr. LIND. Rent \$100 a month.
Apply to
JOHN J. FRANCIS.
Hongkong, 14th May, 1890. [760]

TO BE LET.
Just below Peak Flagstaff.
BAHAR LODGE—FURNISHED.
Apply to
HUGHES & EZRA.
Hongkong, 17th April, 1890. [453]

To be Let.

TO LET.
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Hongkong, 30th May, 1890. [826]

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Hongkong, 5th May, 1890. [716]

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Hongkong, 28th March, 1890. [497]

TO LET.
THE HOUSE No. 1, Magdalen Terrace. Magazine Gap, lately in occupation of Mr. LIND. Rent \$100 a month.
Apply to
JOHN J. FRANCIS.
Hongkong, 14th May, 1890. [760]

TO BE LET.
Just below Peak Flagstaff.
BAHAR LODGE—FURNISHED.
Apply to
HUGHES & EZRA.
Hongkong, 17th April, 1890. [453]

TO LET.
FIRST FLOOR of HOUSE, 75, Praya Central.
2ND FLOOR of HOUSE, No. 64, Queen's Road Central.
Apply to
LAI HING & Co.,
No. 153, Queen's Road Central.
Hongkong, 22nd March, 1890. [469]

TO LET.
FROM the 1st March, ROOMS suitable for OFFICES on the first floor of the PREMISES in Pedder's Street, at present occupied by Caldwell, MacGregor